Impact of Performance Appraisal Justice on Employee Engagement of Industrial Sector

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Abstract

Purpose The purpose of current study is to check the factors of employee engagement which matters really associated through the employee engagement.

Methodology Questionnaire was recycled for gathering the data. At the end questionnaire stood distributed among the different industrial sector staffs of Lahore.

Findings Study finds that there is a significant positive link among informational justice aspects and distributive justice and employee engagement.

Practical Implications The learning advises that informational justice & Distributive justice observations in the course of performance appraisal period lead to increased engagement to concerning staff.

Limitations The study directed beneath the reflection of certain limits. The study does not deliver the evidence of how types of employees are pretentious.

Keywords Distributive justice, Procedural justice, Informational justice, Performance appraisal, Perceived Organizational Support.

1. Introduction

Performance appraisal is a part of human resource management. HRM always in need of the performance appraisal because it provides several benefits to the organization, through performance appraisal operational performance enhanced(Bellavance, Landry, & Sehiehl, 2013).Performance appraisal also provides a chance of better subordinate communication. Performance appraisal also has an aim to create motivation among the individuals and to change their behavior on the way to the determination of the organization. Performance appraisal does not explain the peak position of accuracy and it is not willingly recognized by the operators(Choon & Embi, 2012).

The employees who are affected by the downsizing normally have negative reactions as compared to the employees who are act fairly with the firms. Through the channel of communication management the researcher explain that is important to accomplish. By fair way of communication many negative factors which are connected to the downsizing can be addressed. During the process of downsizing the management must try to communicate in a proper way with the employees. An option which is available to almost all the organizations is to ensure justice through communication(Kim, 2009).

The employees who sensed about the results of the change are fairer both for organization and themselves were trusting and the employees who were focused only on their personal results normally feel doubtful or neutral. Findings tell that the employee who was “trusting” suggests a conceptualization of the distributive justice at in excess of individual level. This indicates that those who think not only about the personal outcomes but also about the organization’s outcome is more “trusting” just because of they feel higher level of commitment and higher level of social personality of organization(Sparrow, 2013).

Although the facts about the procedural involvement in the new country proposes that only the employees on the higher seats practice actual process control, Mostly respondents sensed they had been presented the level to be elaborate as part of these ups and downs(Tomlinson, 2010). Our present study contributes by analyzing the relationship in the middle of (independent variables), distributive justice, perceived organizational support, procedural justice, informational justice and employee engagement (dependent variable). The assessment relationship among the distributive justice, perceived organizational support, procedural justice, informational justice and employee engagement have shown below.
2. Literature review

It is better for the organization to taking suspension for their upcoming act to attract a age group that is extremely bound, associated and eccentric. A question in this situation arises if the organization has proper preparation to take actions to engage the employees on the workplace. It is compulsory to provide social media platform to the employee where they show status about their lifeline. Current generation have a craze in connections it is vital for their existence so they must provided facility of connections, in this way engagement of employees enhanced .there is need of the processes which boost the creativity, innovation, and frankness and employees must have habits of sharing and collaboration which is necessary for the development of the organization. A movement of Ana Hazara against the corruption is a piece of advice for the Indian organization. Thousands of youngster’s people support this movement through social media and made it successful, if an external movement can get success through social media then it is also possible for the organizations to motivate the employees internally and get success. So organizations must realize that in order to achieve engagement of the employees social media can play an important role (Rai, 2012). Personal-development action planning (PDAP) was deliberately isolated from the performance assessments. These meetings stimulated open, honest discussions nearby capabilities, morals and vocation desire, where difficult discussion was not escaped and was considered as a optimistic progress break.(Powis, 2012). Employer must provide current benefits and rewards to his employees instead of out date benefits and rewards which have no value in eyes of employees after providing financial and non financial benefits to the work force employer should say what he wants to say to his employees, it is also important for the employer to use different types of communication channels and then maintain contacts with the employees in this way employee engagement will increase (Pegg, 2009).

An effective methodology to employee engagement needs a classsy system of measurement to increase the likelihood that the paybacks of achievement will be appreciated. Selection of the staff must be according to their trend of engagement. If we are well aware about the individual variances in the propensity to develop engaged, then no doubt our criteria for the selection of the employees must be “engagement propensity”. Mean possibly will to use the personality procedures such as proactivity and optimism. This all is linked with the job engagement and is an important way of organizational engagement so these variables must focused (Guest, 2014).Study indicates that measurements of the procedural justice keep different possessions on results. When measure in a straight line, then in this case the view of the procedural justice touches distributive justice such as pay equity and pay satisfaction etc. on the other hand takes no independent input aimed at job satisfaction. We display that this is for the reason that merely specific measurement of the procedural justice, Dimension related by means of decision makers- exercises a straight impact on the job satisfaction. While considering the relevant power of the dimensions on various results, When considering the relative strength of dimensions on the different outcomes, we originate that distribution process dimension (D1) takes a durable influence on nonstop perception of the procedural justice than decision maker dimension (D2), though the final forecasts Procedural justice and criteria pay equity perception(Cloutier & Vilhuber, 2008)

Investigation communicates that self–evaluation indicates significant link with the employee engagement. This result is favored through the outcomes of studies linked in openness situations, It is shown that at what time people has faith in that their work is valuable, job environment is consistent and during the working they have enough emotional resources, in this condition they have more engagement in their job participation. Thus it is prove that workers having three psychological conditions are expected to engage in their employments. Workers having optimistic egocentricity always established tall working goals, they always think vital the accomplishment of their goals and involved in looking for meaningfulness from goal completion. When the employees on their work place have positive attitude they are highly confident and can judge their performance and environment of the work and pleasant with high chances of success just because of their willingness to spend their time in organizational working activities. Various services provided by the organization to the employees in the form of their treatment and other beneficial services also a measure to know the engagement of the employees. Supportive working conditions can improve job demands, persuade employees, and it can increase their enthusiasm in order to devote themselves to their work job .so the result is obtained that when management in the service sector is strongly committed with the customer superiority and indicate decent backing to their workers or
employees, then there is possibility of their excellence to involve in their job (Danish, Ahmad, Ramzan, & Khan, 2014).

Optimistic and remarkable relationship between justice observation and engagement has recognized. It has been originate that distributive justice and informational justice have robust influence on the employee welfare, stated stages of the burnout and health. According to our best knowledge this type of study is conducted for the first time in India. Results of this study provide a way for further study (Gupta & Kumar, 2013).

Sample of our study is the collection of employees from different types of the service and manufacturing sectors, but environment of work might different from one industry to another, additionally perceived organizational support and organizational justice have factually presented noticeable difference in the case of grouped according to the gender. Lastly, we concentrated exclusively on the managers considering them the middlemen enacting organizational actions. Additional research might examine the limits to which our outcomes simplify to further organizational representatives such as group followers and co-workers. This type of the research is important for such organizations which are transforming them towards imposing self-managed groups as in developing informational technology. In the final results our research backings the attachment of procedural justice, POS (perceived organizational support) and psychological contract in representations of employee engagement. The outcomes have imperative suggestions for support managers and businesses to healthier comprehend and regulator aspects that might lead to enhanced stages of the employee engagement (Biswa, Varma, & Ramaswami, 2013). Performance appraisal is inspected inside the larger framework of the performance man-augment. Performance appraisal is considered a lonely theme; in this situation it is possible that performance appraisal cause a adverse state of mind among the civil employees. So it should be a part of the complete performance management approaches of organizations which should emphasis on roles of singular employees inside them. By using the outcomes of the job analysis Objectives must be evaluated and new objective must be set out. There should be regular job analysis and it must be updated according to the situations. Public service commission should take the responsibility to conduct the job analysis frequently, in job analysis public service commission must use computer to ensure that performance appraisal is computerized. Software for the performance appraisal must be used and complete information guidelines and various standards relevant to the performance appraisal must be combined into the software. Supervisors turn out to be suspicious of the thoughtful of totals they allocate to assistants as the performance of these assistants will influence their capability to run into the performance objective of their departments, sections, and the agencies. A very vital administrative element of the culture, Performance appraisal can play an important role in increasing the performance of the Ghanian civil servant. This article disclosed that administrative practices in the Ghana are fulfilled by the civil service rarely. Evaluators are rarely proficient to accomplish this significant purpose and have time and again completed it randomly; Study shows that civil servants do work just for the purpose of promotion not for the performance improvement. The exercise has become bombast relatively than a practical cultural component destined to create any influence on the conduct of the civil servants. An amendment and computerization of the Performance appraisal system is also essential. In accumulation, we propose additional research hooked on the part of superstition and spirituality in advancement in Ghana Civil Service which will provide more comprehensive ways of performance appraisal (Bawole, Hossain, Domfeh, Bukari, & Sanyare, 2013).

Hypotheses of the study

H1 Perceived organizational support directly related to the Employee engagement
H2 Distributive justice directly related to the Employee engagement
H3 Job engagement is directly related to the Employee engagement
H4 Organizational engagement is directly related to the Employee engagement
H5 Informational justice is directly related to the Employee engagement

3. Methodology

3.1 Population and Sample size

Questionnaire includes the sum of 293 questionnaires which consist of 27 items relevant to five different ideas of the employee engagement. Randomly sampling technique of collecting the data by use of questionnaire for this objective was selected. The respondents of the study include 165 (56.3%) male and 128 (43.7%) female. Target of the study was different industrial sectors staff of Lahore. The
purpose of choosing this sector is that staffs have close relationship with the clients and handle different situation in the different ways by using their ideas and knowledge. Some customer believes that competition in different sectors and in different ways enhance day by day.

3.2 Data Collection
Self-reported poll was reused for gathering the information self-reported the information in the wake of social affair from the respondents. Ultimately the surveys were course in changed correspondence territory staffs of Lahore. The information is gathering over private visits and through Electronic mail.
Around 375 surveys in the different correspondence divisions. The poll was circled Electronic mail and private visits. The poll was reliable for demonstrating research on worker engagement and mindfulness based. We acquire 350 surveys back after answer from the respondents, out of which 20 poll stood unusable because of not amend answers. The 293 poll was place in SPSS (Statistical Package for the Social Sciences) for results and examination. The reaction rate by the litigants was 78.13%.

3.3 Data Processing
The Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS) was utilized to comprehend and assess the measurements. The assorted factual methodologies were utilized as a part of SPSS to show the alliance among various variables. The assorted test (unwavering quality test, elucidating measurements tests, dependability test, and connection) are utilized as a part of information transforming to find distinctive positive and negative relations. The poll contains of five (5) sections. Section 1 demonstrates the inquiries identified with representative engagement, Distributive equity, Procedural Justice, Informational Justice, Perceived authoritative bolster, five-point Likert scale utilized for social event information (1 for emphatically differ to 5 for unequivocally concur) The data about demographic is involved in the 2 part: age, sex, instruction level, nature of employment, and comparatively in present association, work involvement in the association.

Model of the antecedents and consequences of employee engagement.

This was exploratory study and questioner was used for collecting the data. The reliability of the study is 0.876 which shows questioner is more reliable for collecting the actual data. The research said the reliability of adopted questioner in social sciences .80.

4. Data Analysis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 1: Reliability Statistics</th>
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<tr>
<td>Cronbach’s Alpha</td>
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<th>Table 2: Descriptive Statistics</th>
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<td>N</td>
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<tr>
<td>Employee engagement</td>
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<td>Distributed Justice</td>
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<td>Perceived Organization Support</td>
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<td>Procedural Justice</td>
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<td>Perceived Information Justice</td>
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Table 3: Correlation Analysis

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<td>2</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>.121*</td>
<td>.137*</td>
<td>.098</td>
<td>.161**</td>
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**.Correlation is highly significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed)
*.Correlation is significant at the 0.05 level (2-tailed)

Interpretations

i. There is a highly significant relationship between employee engagement and distributed justice in a positive direction.

ii. There is a highly significant relationship between employee engagement and perceived organization support in a positive direction.

iii. There is a highly significant relationship between employee engagement and procedural justice in a positive direction.

iv. There is a significant relationship between employee engagement and informational justice in a positive direction.

v. There is a highly positive relationship between distributed justice and perceived organization support in a positive direction.

vi. There is a highly positive relationship between distributed justice and Procedural Justice in a positive direction.

vii. There is a significant relationship between distributed justice and informational justice in a positive direction.

viii. There is a highly positive relationship between Perceived organization support and Procedural Justice in a positive direction.

ix. There is a no significant relationship between Perceived Organizational Support and Informational Justice in a positive direction.

Table 4: Model Summary

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<tr>
<th>R</th>
<th>R Square</th>
<th>Adjusted R Square</th>
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<tr>
<td>.820</td>
<td>.672</td>
<td>.670</td>
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This model of regression shows that 67.2% these independent variables have effect on dependent variable. The regression analysis also shows that there is no multi collinearity.

Table 5: Regression Coefficients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variables</th>
<th>Coefficients</th>
<th>P-Value</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distributed Justice</td>
<td>.5821</td>
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<tr>
<td>Perceived Organization Support</td>
<td>.3427</td>
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<td>Significant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Procedural Justice</td>
<td>.5932</td>
<td>.0015</td>
<td>Highly Significant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Informational Justice</td>
<td>.0759</td>
<td>.0376</td>
<td>Significant</td>
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5. Discussions

Researcher had taken more interest in employee engagement in these years. Numerous studies have been made with respect to the worker engagement. The reason for the study is to know the conduct of representatives prior and then afterward worker engagement. This study has made various commitments towards associations. Practices of the workers have been judged fundamentally because of mulling over all the viewpoints in such manner. In numerous nations representative engagement has been recognized in an unexpected way. The representatives who are locked in with employments may be high on employment qualities. Connected with representatives have the great associations with their managers and demonstrate the inspirational disposition and conduct.
6. Limitations

The study directed under the contemplations of a few constraints. This study does not give the data on how sorts of workers are influenced. It is redundant that connected with workers demonstrate the uplifting disposition towards the association.

Predispositions among the systems utilized for the study demonstrates the negative prospects of all examination. Firstly, the scores of the members of employment and hierarchical engagement are truly unique in relation to every other. Furthermore, the relationship between engagements measures and predecessors and outcomes are likewise diverse. At last, the example is not the same as populace as per age and sexual orientation.

7. Future Implications

The consequences of the study demonstrate that this study is significant built for future examination. There are different elements to consider. Then again, different variables may be essential for occupation and worker engagement. For instance:

i. Flexible work game plans
ii. Training sessions
iii. Compensation programs

Are likewise essential this reason. Future examination may incorporate the extensive variety of things that are included with uncommon sort of engagements. Alongside this the future exploration must endeavor to consider the elements that are essential for this in different parts. The future research likewise must consider the individual variables that are essential for the study. The last zone of this examination is to think about the impacts of the analyses over the representative engagement. This additionally deciphers that the amount of representatives feel commitments to consider and take after these.

This study had likewise a handy ramification. The immense benefactor among all the autonomous variables is seen authoritative backing. This sort of study is enormously utilized by the enrollment specialists as a part of the enlistment process. Occupation preparing of representatives gives the base to the representative's engagement. This practice is utilized, now a days, broadly everywhere throughout the world because of the huge commitments give by these sorts of session.

8. Conclusion

The study plays an important part to the human resource management, by analyzing the relationship in the middle of (independent variables), distributive justice, perceived organizational support, procedural justice, informational justice and employee engagement (dependent variable). The assessment relationship among the distributive justice, perceived organizational support, procedural justice, informational justice and employee engagement have been shown. There is a highly positive significant relationship among the distributive justice, procedural justice. It is found that procedural justice and distributive justice have a stronger their impact on the employee well-being. A result of our study has robust inferences for the managers and provides a route for further study.

9. References


